The following pages present the profiles of the 138 economies covered by The Global Information Technology Report 2010–2011. They provide a picture of the level of ICT development of an economy by grouping information under the following sections:

1. Key indicators: population in millions of inhabitants, gross domestic product (GDP) valued at purchasing power parity (PPP) per capita, and gross domestic product (US$ billions). Also shown is the Global Competitiveness Index 2010–2011 rank.

2. Overall Networked Readiness Index (NRI) ranking and score for 2010–2011 and for the previous four editions.

3. Detailed scores and rankings for the three component subindexes, the nine pillars, and the 71 variables of the NRI. The numbering of the variables matches that of the Data Tables found at the end of the Report, which provide descriptions, rankings, and scores for all the variables. The variables derived from the 2009 and 2010 editions of the World Economic Forum’s Executive Opinion Survey are identified by an asterisk (*). These variables are always measured on a 1-to-7 scale (where 1 is the lowest score and 7 is the highest). For those indicators not derived from the World Economic Forum’s Executive Opinion Survey, the scale is reported next to the title. The section “Technical Notes and Sources” at the end of the Report provides further details on each indicator, including its precise definition, method of computation, and full sources. Note that for the sake of readability, the years were omitted. However, the year of each data point is indicated in the corresponding table. For more information on the framework and computation of the NRI, as well as on the Executive Opinion Survey, please refer to Chapter 1.1.

Notes

1. The source for population is the World Bank’s World Development Indicators Online (December 2010) and the International Monetary Fund’s World Economic Outlook Database (October 2010 edition), from which GDP figures are also sourced.