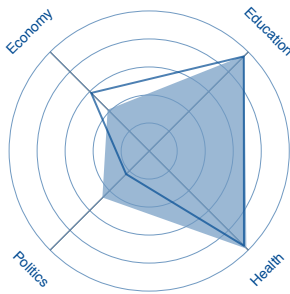


Bangladesh

rank **72**
out of 144 countries

score **0.698**
0.00 = imparity
1.00 = parity

SCORE AT A GLANCE



— Bangladesh score
— sample average

KEY INDICATORS

GDP (US\$ billions)	195.08
GDP per capita (constant '11 intl. \$, PPP)	3,137
Total population (thousands)	160,995.64
Population growth rate (%)	1.14
Population sex ratio (female/male)	0.98
Human capital optimization (%)	57.84

Global Gender Gap Index

Economic participation and opportunity	135
Educational attainment	114
Health and survival	93
Political empowerment	7
rank out of	144

	2016	2006	
rank	score	rank	score
72	0.698	91	0.627
135	0.410	107	0.423
114	0.950	95	0.868
93	0.971	113	0.950
7	0.462	17	0.267
144		115	

COUNTRY SCORE CARD

Economic participation and opportunity

	rank	score	avg	female	male	f/m ratio
Labour force participation	124	0.541	0.665	45	83	0.54
Wage equality for similar work (survey)	122	0.535	0.622	—	—	0.54
Estimated earned income (US\$, PPP)	124	0.404	0.502	1,789	4,431	0.40
Legislators, senior officials, and managers	121	0.057	0.358	5	95	0.06
Professional and technical workers	115	0.322	0.862	24	76	0.32

Educational attainment

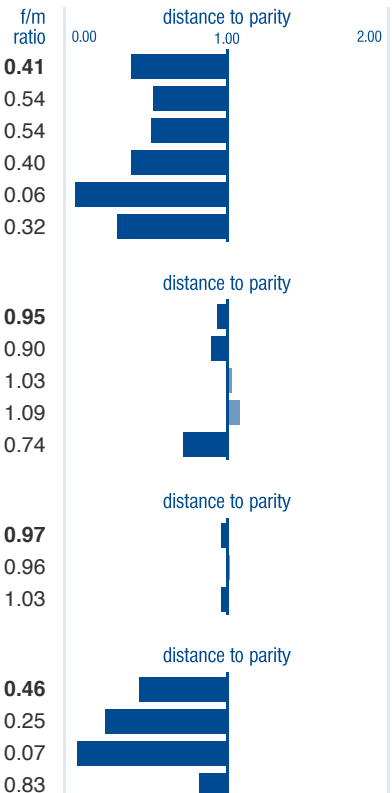
	rank	score	avg	female	male	f/m ratio
Literacy rate	110	0.902	0.897	58	65	0.90
Enrolment in primary education	1	1.000	0.980	92	88	1.03
Enrolment in secondary education	1	1.000	0.970	55	50	1.09
Enrolment in tertiary education	113	0.738	0.930	11	15	0.74

Health and survival

	rank	score	avg	female	male	f/m ratio
Sex ratio at birth	1	0.944	0.918	—	—	0.96
Healthy life expectancy	103	1.033	1.043	62	60	1.03

Political empowerment

	rank	score	avg	female	male	f/m ratio
Women in parliament	74	0.250	0.269	20	80	0.25
Women in ministerial positions	124	0.071	0.238	7	93	0.07
Years with female head of state (last 50)	1	0.827	0.204	23	27	0.83





0.698 / 72

BGD

SELECTED CONTEXTUAL DATA

	female	male	value		female	male	value
Workforce participation				Family			
Law mandates non-discrimination in hiring women			no	Average length of single life (years)	19	26	0.73
Youth not in employment or education	—	—	—	Proportion married by age 25	87	30	2.91
Unemployed adults	6	2	3.90	Mean age of women at birth of their first child			25
Discouraged job seekers	—	—	—	Average number of children per woman			2
Workers in informal employment	—	—	—	Women with unmet demand for family planning			14
Labour force participation among those with advanced degrees	—	—	—	Potential support ratio			13
Workers employed part-time	—	—	—	Total dependency ratio			52
Contributing family workers	11	3	4.08	Parity of parental rights in marriage			0.00
Own-account workers	27	58	0.46	Parity of parental rights after divorce			0.00
Work, minutes per day	—	—	—				
Proportion of unpaid work per day	—	—	—	Care			
				Length of parental leave (days)			—
Economic leadership	female	male	value	Length of maternity / paternity leave (days)	112 /	—	
Law mandates equal pay			yes	Wages paid during maternity / paternity leave	100 /	—	
Ability of women to rise to positions of leadership			*0.56	Provider of parental leave benefits			—
Boards of publicly traded companies	—	—	—	Provider of maternity / paternity leave benefits	empl /	—	
Firms whose ownership includes women			12.70	Government supports or provides childcare			no
Firms whose top management includes women			4.80	Government provides child allowance to parents			no
R&D personnel	—	—	—				
				Education and skills	female	male	value
Access to assets	female	male	value	Out-of-school children of primary school age	3	7	0.47
Individuals with an account at a financial institution	25	33	0.77	Primary education attainment in adults	42	53	0.79
Women's access to financial services			*0.50	Out-of-school youth of upper secondary school age	61	61	0.99
Inheritance rights for daughters			0.00	Secondary education attainment in adults	13	21	0.64
Women's access to land use, control and ownership			*0.50	Tertiary education attainment in adults	—	—	—
Women's access to non-land assets use, control and ownership			*0.50	PhD graduates	—	—	—
				STEM graduates	14	17	0.80
				Skill diversity	0.348	0.304	*1.14
Access to technology	female	male	value				
Individuals using the internet	5	8	0.62	Health	female	male	value
Individuals using a mobile phone	74	83	0.90	Malnutrition of children under age 5	18	18	0.99
				Cardiovascular disease	153	179	#0.85
				Cancer	80	95	#0.84
				Diabetes	29	31	#0.93
				Chronic respiratory disease	93	120	#0.78
				HIV/AIDS	0	0	#0.67
				Suicide	9	7	#1.28
				Maternal mortality ratio (per 100,000 births)			†176 [125-280]
				Existence of legislation on domestic violence			yes
				Prevalence of gender violence in lifetime			53
				Law permits abortion to preserve a woman's physical health			no
				Births attended by skilled health personnel			41.7
				Antenatal care coverage, at least four visits			31.2

Unless otherwise indicated by a superscripted note, "female" and "male" refers to percentage rates for the corresponding indicator; "value" refers to the female-over-male ratio. Percentage rates have been rounded for reporting purposes. Exact values have been used for calculating ratios and scores. The following exceptions apply: † Data on a 0-to-1 scale (0 = worst score, 1 = best score) * Data on a normalized 0.111- to 1.000-scale (0.111 = most diverse, 1.000 = most concentrated) # Age-standardized death rates per 100,000 population † Bracketed numbers show the range between the uncertainties, estimated to contain the true maternal mortality ratio with a 95% probability